



Designation: D2193 – 22

# Standard Test Method for Hydroquinone in Vinyl Acetate<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D2193; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the determination of hydroquinone in the range from 1 to 20 ppm in refined, commercially available, vinyl acetate.

1.2 For purposes of determining conformance of an observed or a calculated value using this test method to relevant specifications, test result(s) shall be rounded off “to the nearest unit” in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with Practice E29.

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.4 For hazard information and guidance, see the supplier’s Material Safety Data Sheet.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

D1193 Specification for Reagent Water

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

<sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D01 on Paint and Related Coatings, Materials, and Applications and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D01.35 on Solvents, Plasticizers, and Chemical Intermediates.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

## 3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 The vinyl acetate is evaporated at room temperature in a stream of inert gas or clean air to minimize the loss of hydroquinone by evaporation. The hydroquinone is dissolved in water and titrated with dilute standardized ceric acid sulfate using diphenylamine as indicator.

## 4. Significance and Use

4.1 This test method provides a measurement of inhibitor level in vinyl acetate. The results of these measurements can be used for specification acceptance.

## 5. Apparatus

5.1 *Buret*, 25-mL, graduated in 0.1-mL subdivisions.

5.2 *Beakers*, 50 and 600-mL capacity.

5.3 *Volumetric Flask*, 1000-mL capacity.

5.4 *Erlenmeyer Flasks*, 100 and 250-mL capacity.

5.5 *Nitrogen Cylinder*, or source of clean air.

5.6 *Pipets*, 10 and 50-mL capacity.

## 6. Reagents

6.1 *Purity of Reagents*—Reagent grade chemicals shall be used in all tests. Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that all reagents shall conform to the specifications of the Committee on Analytical Reagents of the American Chemical Society, where such specifications are available.<sup>3</sup> Other grades may be used provided it is first ascertained that the reagent is of sufficiently high purity to permit its use without lessening the accuracy of the determination.

6.2 *Purity of Water*—Unless otherwise indicated, references to water shall be understood to mean reagent water conforming to Type IV of Specification D1193.

6.3 *Ceric Acid Sulfate, Standard Solution (0.002 N)*—Dissolve 1.096 g of ceric ammonium nitrate ((NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>-Ce(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>) in 28.0 mL of concentrated sulfuric acid (H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, sp

<sup>3</sup> *ACS Reagent Chemicals, Specifications and Procedures for Reagents and Standard-Grade Reference Materials*, American Chemical Society, Washington, DC. For suggestions on the testing of reagents not listed by the American Chemical Society, see *Analar Standards for Laboratory Chemicals*, BDH Ltd., Poole, Dorset, U.K., and the *United States Pharmacopeia and National Formulary*, U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc. (USPC), Rockville, MD.